

■ Bipolare Kurven

Cassini'sche Kurven $r' * r = k^2$

$$\text{In[1]:= } f[r_] := \frac{k^2}{r}$$

$$\text{In[4]:= } \text{cas} = \text{Eliminate}[\{(x+e)^2 + y^2 == f[r]^2, (x-e)^2 + y^2 == r^2, r' == f[r]\}, \{r, r'\}] // \text{Simplify}$$

[eliminiere] [vereinfache]

$$\text{Out[4]= } e^4 + (x^2 + y^2)^2 == k^4 + 2 e^2 (x^2 - y^2)$$

Direkt die y-Achsen Schnitthöhe ausrechnen

$$\text{In[11]:= } \text{cas} /. x \rightarrow 0$$

$$\text{Out[11]= } e^4 + y^4 == k^4 - 2 e^2 y^2$$

$$\text{In[17]:= } \text{Solve}[e^4 + y^4 == k^4 - 2 e^2 y^2, \{y\}]$$

[löse]

$$\text{Out[17]= } \{\{y \rightarrow -\sqrt{-e^2 - k^2}\}, \{y \rightarrow \sqrt{-e^2 - k^2}\}, \{y \rightarrow -\sqrt{-e^2 + k^2}\}, \{y \rightarrow \sqrt{-e^2 + k^2}\}\}$$

Die y-Achse wird in der Höhe $h^2 = k^2 - e^2$ geschnitten. Existiert nur für $k \geq e$.
 $k=e$ folgt $h=0$, Lemniskate

In diese Höhe lege ich eine waagerechte Gerade

$$\text{In[18]:= } \text{cas} /. y \rightarrow \sqrt{-e^2 + k^2}$$

$$\text{Out[18]= } e^4 + (-e^2 + k^2 + x^2)^2 == k^4 + 2 e^2 (e^2 - k^2 + x^2)$$

$$\text{In[19]:= } \text{Solve}[e^4 + (-e^2 + k^2 + x^2)^2 == k^4 + 2 e^2 (e^2 - k^2 + x^2), \{x\}]$$

[löse]

$$\text{Out[19]= } \{\{x \rightarrow 0\}, \{x \rightarrow 0\}, \{x \rightarrow -\sqrt{2} \sqrt{2 e^2 - k^2}\}, \{x \rightarrow \sqrt{2} \sqrt{2 e^2 - k^2}\}\}$$

diese schneidet für $2 e^2 > k^2$ zwei weitere Male, das sind dann die eingeschnürten Kurven
für $2 e^2 = k^2$ entfällt die Einschnürung, die flache Cassini'sche Kurve hat dann die Gleichung

$$\text{In[26]:= } 2 e^2 - e^2$$

$$\text{Out[26]= } e^2$$

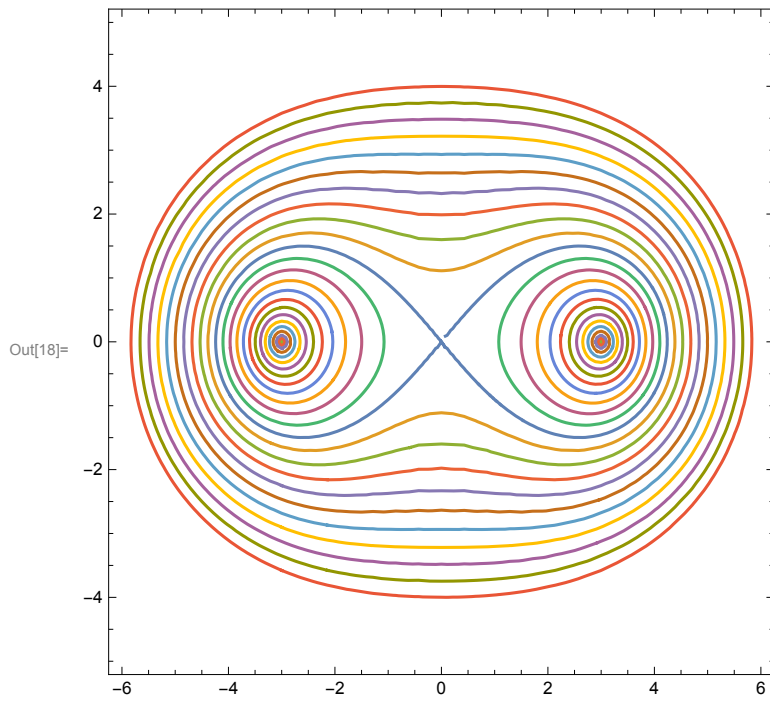
Der Flachpunkt ist (0,+ e)

die flache Cassini'sche Kurve hat dann die Gleichung

$$\text{In[22]:= } \text{cas} /. k \rightarrow \sqrt{2} e // \text{Simplify}$$

[vereinfache]

```
In[18]:= ContourPlot[Table[ $3^4 + (x^2 + y^2)^2 == k^4 + 2 \times 3^2 (x^2 - y^2)$ , {k, 0, 5, 0.2}] // Evaluate,  
  Konturgraphik  Tabelle  werte aus  
  {x, -6, 6}, {y, -5, 5}]
```

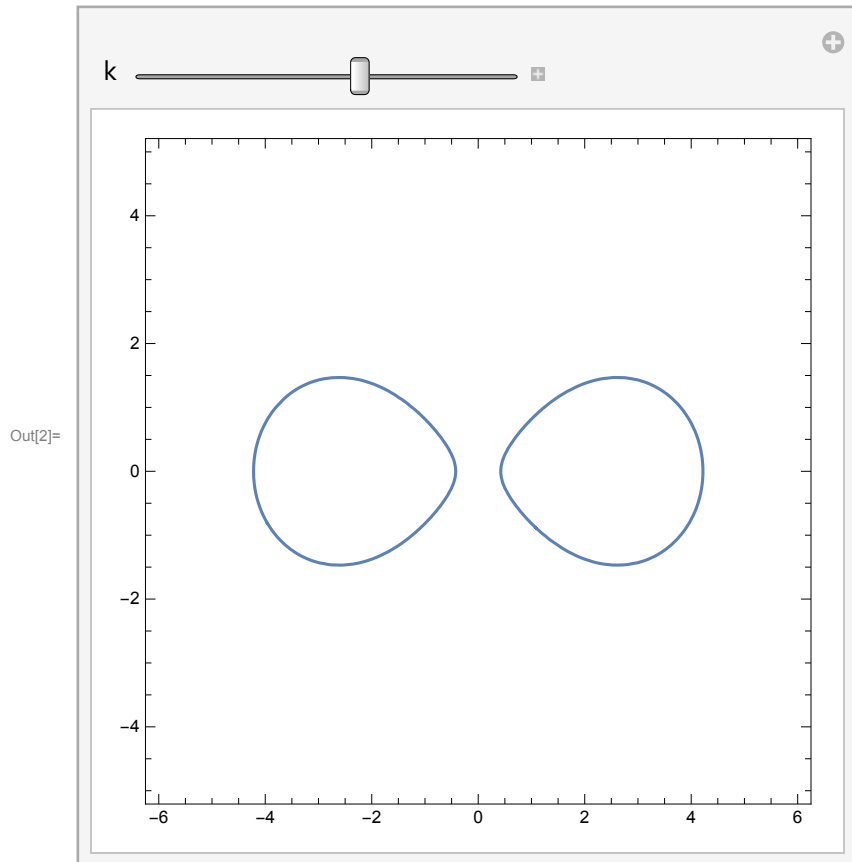


Manipulate[

[manipuliere](#)

ContourPlot[$\{3^4 + (x^2 + y^2)^2 == k^4 + 2 \times 3^2 (x^2 - y^2)\}$, {x, -6, 6}, {y, -5, 5}], {{k, 5}, 0, 5}]

[Konturgraphik](#)



Hyperbeln $r' = r + k$

$f[r_] := r + k$

$hyp = \text{Eliminate}[\{(x + e)^2 + y^2 == f[r]^2, (x - e)^2 + y^2 == r^2, r' == f[r]\}, \{r, r'\}]$
[eliminiere](#)

$k^4 + k^2 (-4 e^2 - 4 x^2 - 4 y^2) == -16 e^2 x^2$

$hyp // \text{FullSimplify}$

[vereinfache vollständig](#)

$(-4 e^2 + k^2) (k^2 - 4 x^2) == 4 k^2 y^2$

Ellipsen $r' = -r + k$

$f[r_] := -r + k$

$elli = \text{Eliminate}[\{(x + e)^2 + y^2 == f[r]^2, (x - e)^2 + y^2 == r^2, r' == f[r]\}, \{r, r'\}]$
[eliminiere](#)

$k^4 + k^2 (-4 e^2 - 4 x^2 - 4 y^2) == -16 e^2 x^2$

```
elli // FullSimplify
```

```
  |vereinfache vollständig
```

$$(-4 e^2 + k^2) (k^2 - 4 x^2) == 4 k^2 y^2$$

Descartes'sche Ovale $m r + n r' == k$

```
In[19]:= des = m r + n r' == k
```

```
Out[19]= m r + n r' == k
```

```
In[20]:= desc = Eliminate[
```

```
  |eliminiere
```

```
  { (x + e)^2 + y^2 == (r')^2, (x - e)^2 + y^2 == r^2, m r + n r' == k }, {r, r'}] // FullSimplify
```

```
  |vereinfache vollständig
```

```
Out[20]= k^4 + (e^2 (m - n) (m + n) - 2 e (m^2 + n^2) x + (m - n) (m + n) (x^2 + y^2))^2 ==
  2 k^2 (e^2 (m^2 + n^2) + 2 e (-m^2 + n^2) x + (m^2 + n^2) (x^2 + y^2))
```

Nullstellen

```
desc
```

$$k^4 + (e^2 (m - n) (m + n) - 2 e (m^2 + n^2) x + (m - n) (m + n) (x^2 + y^2))^2 == 2 k^2 (e^2 (m^2 + n^2) + 2 e (-m^2 + n^2) x + (m^2 + n^2) (x^2 + y^2))$$

```
desc /. y -> 0 // Simplify
```

```
  |vereinfache
```

$$k^4 + (e^2 (m - n) (m + n) - 2 e (m^2 + n^2) x + (m - n) (m + n) x^2)^2 == 2 k^2 (e^2 (m^2 + n^2) + 2 e (-m^2 + n^2) x + (m^2 + n^2) x^2)$$

```
Solve[k^4 + (e^2 (m - n) (m + n) - 2 e (m^2 + n^2) x + (m - n) (m + n) x^2)^2 ==
```

```
  |löse
```

```
  2 k^2 (e^2 (m^2 + n^2) + 2 e (-m^2 + n^2) x + (m^2 + n^2) x^2), x] // Simplify
```

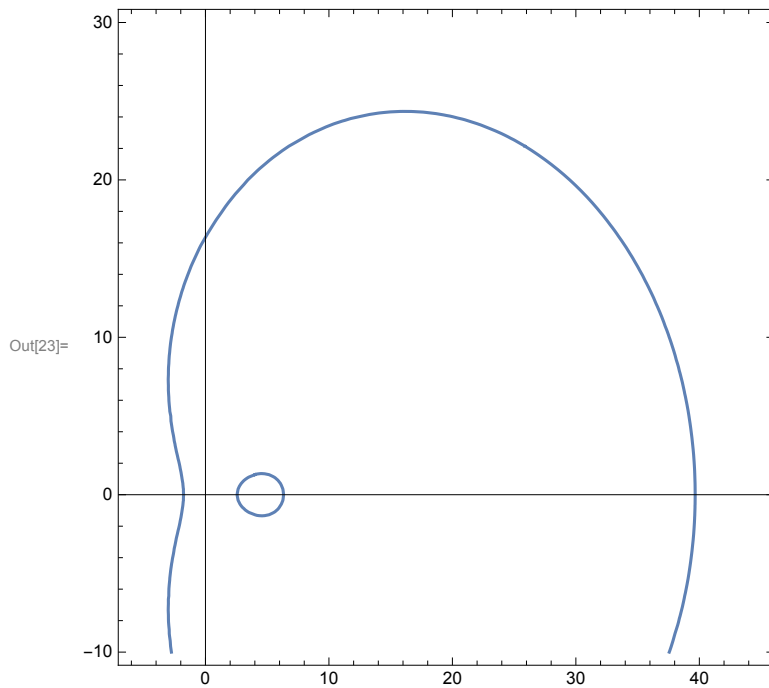
```
  |vereinfache
```

$$\left\{ \left\{ x \rightarrow -\frac{k - e m + e n}{m + n} \right\}, \left\{ x \rightarrow \frac{k + e m - e n}{m + n} \right\}, \left\{ x \rightarrow \frac{-k + e (m + n)}{m - n} \right\}, \left\{ x \rightarrow \frac{k + e (m + n)}{m - n} \right\} \right\}$$

```
In[22]:= we = {e = 3, k = 5, m = 1.3, n = -1}
```

```
Out[22]= {3, 5, 1.3, -1}
```

In[23]= ContourPlot[desc // Evaluate, {x, -6, 45}, {y, -10, 30}, Axes → True]
 [Konturgraphik] [werte aus] [Axen] [wahr]



$$\left\{ -\frac{k - em + en}{m + n}, \frac{k + em - en}{m + n}, \frac{-k + e(m + n)}{m - n}, \frac{k + e(m + n)}{m - n} \right\}$$

$$\{6.33333, 39.6667, -1.78261, 2.56522\}$$

$$we = \{e = 3, k = 5, m = 13/10, n = -1\}$$

$$\left\{ 3, 5, \frac{13}{10}, -1 \right\}$$

$$x_0 = \frac{-k + e(m + n)}{m - n}$$

$$-\frac{41}{23}$$

x₀

b

$$-\frac{41}{23}$$

$$1.23671$$

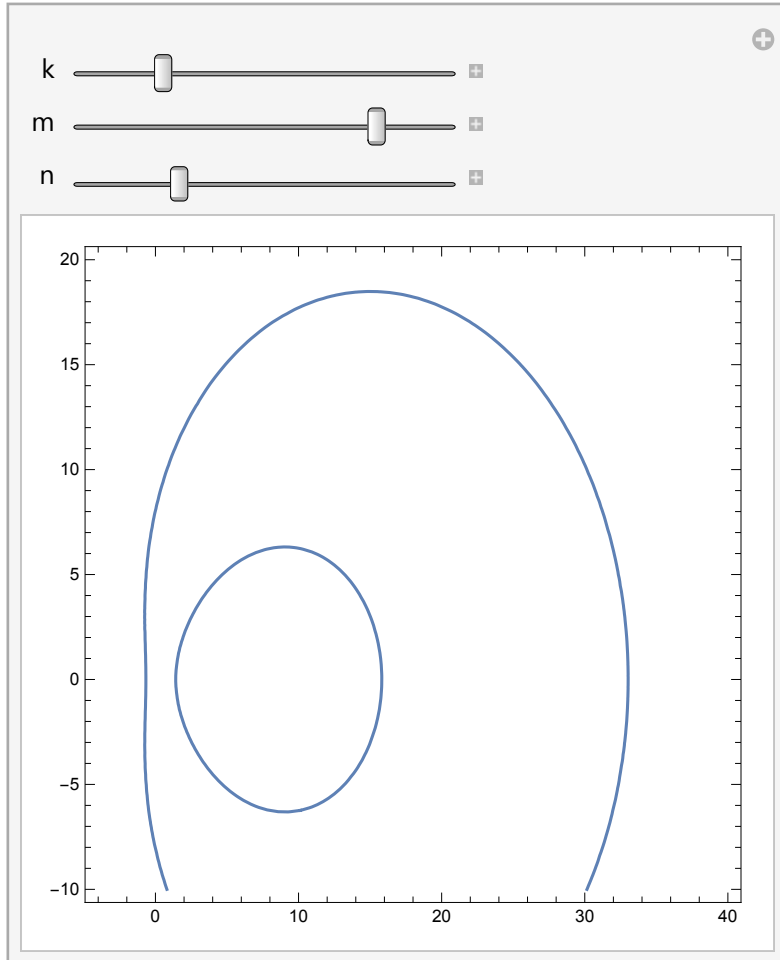
x₀ - b

$$-3.01932$$

In[24]= wn = {e., k., m., n.};

In[25]= e = 3;

Manipulate[ContourPlot[$\{k^4 + (e^2 (m - n) (m + n) - 2 e (m^2 + n^2) x + (m - n) (m + n) (x^2 + y^2))^2 =$
 [manipuliere [Konturgraphik
 $2 k^2 (e^2 (m^2 + n^2) + 2 e (-m^2 + n^2) x + (m^2 + n^2) (x^2 + y^2))\}$, x == xo - b],
 {x, -4, 40}, {y, -10, 20}], {{k, 5}, 1, 8}, {{m, 1.3}, -2, 2}, {{n, -1}, -2, 2}]



Out[26]=

Suche nach der Beule

$$e = .; \text{xo} = \frac{-k + e (m + n)}{m - n}$$

$$\frac{-k + e (m + n)}{m - n}$$

senkrechte Gerade, links von xo ist $x = \text{xo} - b$

$$\left\{3, 5, \frac{13}{10}, -1\right\}$$

$$\left\{3, 5, \frac{13}{10}, -1\right\}$$

desc

$$k^4 + (e^2 (m - n) (m + n) - 2 e (m^2 + n^2) x + (m - n) (m + n) (x^2 + y^2))^2 == 2 k^2 (e^2 (m^2 + n^2) + 2 e (-m^2 + n^2) x + (m^2 + n^2) (x^2 + y^2))$$

we = {e = 3, k = 5, m = 1.3, n = -1}

{3, 5, 1.3, -1}

b = .;

test = desc /. {x → xo - b}

$$625 + (6.21 - 16.14 (-1.78261 - b) + 0.69 ((-1.78261 - b)^2 + y^2))^2 == 50 (24.21 - 4.14 (-1.78261 - b) + 2.69 ((-1.78261 - b)^2 + y^2))$$

Solve[test, y] // Simplify // N

[löse](#) [vereinfache](#) [numerischer Wert](#)

$$\begin{aligned} & \{ \{ y \rightarrow -0.0144928 \sqrt{416000. - 26000. \sqrt{256. - 207. b} - 128340. b - 4761. b^2} \}, \\ & \{ y \rightarrow 0.0144928 \sqrt{416000. - 26000. \sqrt{256. - 207. b} - 128340. b - 4761. b^2} \}, \\ & \{ y \rightarrow -0.0144928 \sqrt{416000. + 26000. \sqrt{256. - 207. b} - 128340. b - 4761. b^2} \}, \\ & \{ y \rightarrow 0.0144928 \sqrt{416000. + 26000. \sqrt{256. - 207. b} - 128340. b - 4761. b^2} \} \end{aligned}$$

diskrimi = 256 - 207 b == 0;

Solve[diskrimi, b] // N

[löse](#) [numerischer Wert](#)

{{b = 1.2367149758454106`}}

{{1.23671}}

b

1.23671

b passt zur Zeichnung, Ordinate dazu

$$0.014492753623188406` \sqrt{(416000.` + 26000.` \sqrt{256.` - 207.` b} - 128340.` b - 4761.` b^2)}$$

7.24635

desc /. {x → xo - b} (* nochmal direkt *)

$$625 + (54.9419 + 0.69 (9.11632 + y^2))^2 == 50 (36.71 + 2.69 (9.11632 + y^2))$$

Solve[625 + (54.9419 + 0.69 (9.11632 + y^2))^2 == 50 (36.71 + 2.69 (9.11632 + y^2)), {y}]

[löse](#)

{{y → -7.24635}, {y → -7.24635}, {y → 7.24635}, {y → 7.24635}}

Das passt. Die Beule ist nur im konkreten Fall bestimmt.

we = {e = 3, k = 5, m = 1.3, n = -1}

{3, 5, 1.3, -1}

wn = {e = ., k = ., m = ., n = .};

Experimente

desc

$$k^4 + (e^2 (m - n) (m + n) - 2 e (m^2 + n^2) x + (m - n) (m + n) (x^2 + y^2))^2 =$$

$$2 k^2 (e^2 (m^2 + n^2) + 2 e (-m^2 + n^2) x + (m^2 + n^2) (x^2 + y^2))$$

$$\text{desc1} = k^4 + (e^2 (m^2 - n^2) - 2 e (m^2 + n^2) x + (m^2 - n^2) (x^2 + y^2))^2 -$$

$$2 k^2 (e^2 (m^2 + n^2) - 2 e (m^2 - n^2) x + (m^2 + n^2) (x^2 + y^2))$$

$$k^4 + (e^2 (m^2 - n^2) - 2 e (m^2 + n^2) x + (m^2 - n^2) (x^2 + y^2))^2 -$$

$$2 k^2 (e^2 (m^2 + n^2) - 2 e (m^2 - n^2) x + (m^2 + n^2) (x^2 + y^2))$$

$$\text{we} = \{e = 10, k = 4, m = \frac{1}{2}, n = 2\}$$

$$\{10, 4, \frac{1}{2}, 2\}$$

desc1 =

$$256 + \left(375 + 85 x + \frac{15}{4} (x^2 + y^2)\right)^2 - 32 \left(425 + 75 x + \frac{17}{4} (x^2 + y^2)\right) // \text{FullSimplify} // \text{Expand}$$

[\[vereinfache vollstä...](#) [\[multiplizier](#)

$$127281 + 61350 x + \frac{19803 x^2}{2} + \frac{1275 x^3}{2} + \frac{225 x^4}{16} + \frac{5353 y^2}{2} + \frac{1275 x y^2}{2} + \frac{225 x^2 y^2}{8} + \frac{225 y^4}{16}$$

$$256 + \left(375 + 85 x + \frac{15}{4} (x^2 + y^2)\right)^2 - 32 \left(425 + 75 x + \frac{17}{4} (x^2 + y^2)\right)$$

$$256 + \left(375 + 85 x + \frac{15}{4} (x^2 + y^2)\right)^2 - 32 \left(425 + 75 x + \frac{17}{4} (x^2 + y^2)\right)$$

Dieses sind jedenfalls keine Kreise!

$$\text{wn} = \{e = ., k = ., m = ., n = .\};$$